# Appendix A

## Equality Impact Assessment (EqIA) for Policies, Procedures and Services

Proposal name	The Provision of Domestic Abuse (DA) Emergency Accommodation Support Service			
Directorate	Children's and Customer			
Service	Money Home Job (MHJ) and Transformation			
Responsible Officer	Isabel Vanderheeren/Rashida Hussain			
Proposal planning	December 2020 Proposal start 01/04/2022			
start	date (due or			
		actual date)		

1	What is the purpose of the proposal?	Yes / No	New / revision
	Policy	No	
	Procedure	No	
	Guidance	No	
	Is this a service to customers/staff/public?	Yes	
	If yes, is it contracted or commissioned?	commissioned	revision
	Other - give details		
	<ul> <li>purpose of the service, intended outcomes and</li> <li>The council wants to provide safe accommodation survivors of domestic abuse and their children. In 2 force and has outlined a number of duties for the lot To ensure we deliver effectively our new duties out ("the Act"), which requires the commissioning of: <ul> <li>Effective support to victims of domestic a</li> <li>Sufficient and effective safe accommoda</li> </ul> </li> <li>The Act places a new legal duty on local authorities commission support for victims and their children we duty covers the provision of support to victims and the following: <ul> <li>refuge accommodation;</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	and support service 2021 the Domestic A ocal authority. Ined in the Domest abuse and their child tion to victims of Do s to assess the need vithin safe accommo	es for victims and Abuse Act came int ic Abuse Act 2021 dren omestic Abuse (DA d for and odation. The new
	<ul> <li>specialist safe accommodation;</li> <li>dispersed accommodation;</li> <li>sanctuary schemes; and</li> <li>move-on or second stage accommodation</li> <li>Domestic abuse support element of the duty in</li> <li>Advocacy support – development of persented accommodation</li> </ul>	ncludes: ersonal safety plans	

- Domestic abuse-prevention advice support to assist victims to recognise the signs of abusive relationships, to help them remain safe (including online) and to prevent re-victimisation;
- Specialist support for victims with relevant protected characteristics and / or complex needs, for example, interpreters, faith services, mental health advice and support, drug and alcohol advice and support, and immigration advice;
- Children's support including play therapy and child advocacy;
- Housing-related support providing housing-related advice and support, for example, securing a permanent home and advice on how to live safely and independently; and
- Counselling and therapy for both adults and children.

The Act sets out to place clear duties on the Local Authority to strengthen the support for victims of abuse. The Act places a statutory duty on tier one local authorities relating to the provision of support to victims of domestic abuse and their children residing within refuges and other safe accommodation. New Burdens funding to the total value of £690K has been allocated to Walsall to cover the costs of the new duty to provide support in safe accommodation for 2021-22.

Safer Walsall Partnership Board developed a Domestic Abuse Strategy based on a needs assessment and consultation with key stakeholders. This strategy provides evidence to inform our commissioning decisions for the support of victims with children and the provision of accommodation-based domestic abuse support in Walsall.

The Walsall Domestic Abuse Strategy sets out the collective priorities of the Domestic Abuse Strategic Group and the key areas of action for the next three years. The strategy aligns with the wider priorities identified within the national and regional Violence Against Women and Girls (VAWG) strategies. The strategy builds upon the findings of the Walsall Domestic Abuse Needs Assessment 2021 and incorporates the requirements of the Domestic Abuse Act 2021.

The Strategic Vison from the strategy *Is for Walsall to become one of the safest places in the West Midlands where domestic abuse is not tolerated whether at home or on the streets of Walsall.* Our ambition is to develop a co-ordinated, multi-agency and community response to end domestic abuse in Walsall. Over the next three years we will work towards this vision by:

- Working in Partnership to develop a coordinated community response to domestic abuse
- Developing robust Prevention and early intervention approaches which reach everyone including those with protected characteristics
- Ensuring our support Provision are tailored and survivor led to meet the individual needs of every victims/survivor
- Ensure that our approach provides Protection to all those affected by domestic abuse and holds perpetrators to account

The Family Safeguarding Model, originally developed by Hertfordshire Local Authority, is identified as a best practice model in the National Domestic Abuse Guidance Framework which has a track record on delivering significant improved outcomes for children and their families. Family Safeguarding is a whole-system approach to safeguarding children and young people. As part of the Department for Education's Strengthening Families, Protecting Children programme Walsall is in its second year of

implementing this model. The approach places specialist mental health practitioners, domestic abuse workers, probation officers and children's social workers together in a Family Safeguarding team to give direct help to parents. Adopting a whole family approach makes it easy for parents to access all the support they need from within one team, to help them deal with the complex issues of domestic abuse, mental health and drug/alcohol abuse that harm their lives and those of their children.

The domestic abuse accommodation duty will be delivered in response to known need in the local area as set out within the <u>Walsall Domestic Abuse Strategy 2021-2024</u>. As a council we want our Safe Accommodation offer to provide housing choice, sustainability and integration for customer. Our corporate vision and values form part the basis of the quality of services and behaviours as a council we will embrace through <u>Walsall council's</u> <u>Corporate Plan 2021/22</u>. Our <u>Housing Strategy 2020-2025</u> and <u>Homelessness Strategy</u> <u>2018-2022</u> detail how we will work with our residents and communities to deliver a range of housing options and resilient communities.

Money Home Job currently contracts with Accord Housing Association for the Provision of Domestic Abuse Emergency Accommodation Support Service. The annual value of the contract is £188,870. On the 10<sup>th</sup> February Cabinet approved an extension of this contract to 30<sup>th</sup> September 2021, along with delegated authority to the Executive Director Children's Services in consultation with the Portfolio Holder for Regeneration to approve any further contractual variations, to allow any future commissioning decisions being informed by the Strategic Needs Assessment and review of the current provision.

Children's Services currently contracts Black Country Woman's aid (BCWA) to support children and families impacted by Domestic Abuse. The annual value of the contract is £220,000. This contract is due to end on the 30<sup>th</sup> September 2021. Children's Services completed a review of the provision with a view to form future commissioning intentions in light of demand, transformation plans and other related strategic developments internally to the council.

The proposed option to support victims of domestic abuse and their children and commission accommodation with support is split into two separate but linked service proposals:

Commissioning of support to victims of domestic abuse and their children to the value of £220K that will provide:

- A full time DA specialist support in MASH to ensure effective identification of need, decision making and timely advice and guidance.
- The integration of DA specialist victim support (parent and child) as part of Walsall Right for Children Early Help and Social Care locality model to effectively engage and meet the need of the diverse communities. This will consist of 4 full time Domestic Abuse Specialist workers

In order to meet the requirements of the Act, the Council has carried out consultation on its existing DA services. As a result, and in line with the Council's Domestic Abuse Strategy and Needs Assessment, the future service provision requirements have been restructured, which has subsequently seen two services put out to tender:

- Emergency Accommodation a hybrid model of a smaller block refuge (up to 12 units), and increased numbers (minimum 15) of dispersed units with floating support, to provide increased options and improved outcomes for victims.
- Independent Domestic violence Advocacy Children's Services support to victims of Domestic Abuse (including adult and Children) – The service which

	Who is the proposal likel	y to affect	?			
		, Yes / No	Detail			
		No	Victims (adults and children) impacted by Domestic			
	Specific group/s	Yes	Abuse			
		No				
	Other (identify)					
	Please provide service data relating to this proposal on your customer's					
	protected characteristics.					
	·					
	Review of current provision in					
			nt contract with Black Country Woman's Aid and Accord			
			g engagement of service users with protected n regularly throughout lifetime of contracts			
			including those with protected characteristics			
			e and dispersed pilot units in 2019/20			
			lation through a listening and engagement exercise in			
	2021/22					
	Please provide details of	all engag	ement and consultation undertaken for this			
			box for each engagement/consultation).			
	The review of BCWA includ	led followi	ng data/consultation:			
	Question	Data				
	Who has BCWA helped	• F	Referrals in MASH for DA			
	%children/%adults (without		Source of referrals			
	children)		Referrals			
	% of CH who need help		low many where known to Childrens Services?			
	through CH services		Childrens service status at point of referral			
	(against thresholds)	• E	Breakdown of protected groups			
	How well have we helped	Number	of referrals received help? reason for			
	children and victims?		children not receiving help (Did Not Attend,			
			priate referral)			
			imeliness of help offered			
			ength of intervention			
			(ind of intervention provided			
			eedback of children and victims of the help			
			eceived			
		● F	eedback from professionals who have referred			
	What has been the impac	•	C&YP report feeling safer			
	of the help?		C&YP report a change in behavior including			
			education, health			
			C&YP feel their relationship with parents /			
			victims has improved			
			Professionals working with families report			
			positive changes			
			Status of plan at end of intervention			
			Re-referrals			

demand going forward? %of demand that matches Family Safeguarding cohort	Walsall safer partnership needs assessment
Refuge accommodation Service Review 2019/20	<ul> <li>Qualitative data from refuge service:</li> <li>Telephone interviews</li> <li>Staff feedback</li> <li>Service user feedback</li> <li>Feedback from dispersed unit users</li> <li>Review of 10 dispersed units (case review)</li> <li>Quarterly monitoring and review of refuge service</li> <li>Focus groups with staff and service users</li> <li>In 20/21 – feedback from neighbouring authorities on provision type and assize along with commissioning intentions</li> <li>Review of Housing IDVA caseload and effectiveness</li> </ul>
Listening and Engagement Safe Accommodation 2021/22	<ul> <li>Telephone and face to face surveys</li> <li>Online survey</li> <li>Focus Group – service users</li> <li>Focus Group – Staff</li> <li>Easy Read survey</li> <li>Review of model through – Kotter, Nudge Theory, ADKAR and Lewins change models</li> </ul>

## 6 Concise overview of all evidence, engagement and consultation

#### 1. <u>Overview of findings through the review of BCWA related to protected</u> <u>characteristics:</u>

#### Access to the current service

Access to service can be affected by institutional barriers/agency engagement levels with those with protected characteristics.

**Ethnicity:** The Independent Domestic Violence Advisor (IDVA) service reaches a diverse population, with percentages of minority ethnic groups in Walsall broadly in line with overall population according to the last Census. White British referrals are 68% of the overall, less than the population average. In approx. 10% of cases ethnicity is unrecorded – these are mainly agency referrals where, as clients did not engage, we did not have the chance to capture data.

**Gender:** IDVA service referrals are 97% female, 3% male. This is influenced by major referral routes via children's safeguarding where the cohort is mainly women with school-age children, and the higher prevalence of high-risk domestic abuse amongst women.

**Sexual orientation:** The DA cohort is 95% heterosexual, with 0.5% gay/lesbian referrals, 0.3% bisexual referrals. However as 8.7% were unspecified, the actual cohort may be more diverse. BCWA has implemented a 'prefer not to say' option for sexuality so we can see how much of this is client preference.

Age: The majority of referrals fall into the 24-34 age category (42%) and 35-44 age

category (28%), indicating major referral cohort being women with school-age children and revolving around children's safeguarding, and increased risks around pregnancy which may be more common in this age group. Older clients may be more likely to reach DA services via IRIS (not included in this data) and primary care routes where the physical and mental health effects of domestic abuse are demonstrated.

**Disability:** 5% of clients overall report a disability, and 95% do not. Disabled victims may also be more likely to reach DA services via IRIS as above.

## Engagement/uptake with the current service

#### Ethnicity

#### Tier 1: advice and guidance stage

For cases closed at tier 1, the average engagement rate is 53%, with 14% declining support, 3% not eligible, and 30% unable to contact. White British client engagement follows these averages. Groups who engage at a rate higher than the average include Asian British Pakistani and Indian, Black Caribbean, Black African clients. Groups who engage at a lower rate than the average include white Eastern European and white other (more likely to be unable to contact, which may indicate fluctuating EU migrant populations or clients accessing European-language NGOs in Birmingham and the Black Country).

#### Tier 2: Casework

For clients consenting to one to one casework, the average engagement rate is 98%. Most ethnic groups follow this average within a few percent. However, some groups engage at a lower rate than this average and are more likely to be recorded as "unable to contact", these include Asian British Indian, Black British and some mixed ethnic groups.

## Age

#### Tier 1: advice and guidance stage

Most age groups engage with advice and guidance within a few percentage points of the average, identifying no major barriers. Clients aged 65-74 are more likely to engage than the average (65% against average engagement rate of 53%); clients of this age group often favour phone support.

#### Tier 2: Casework

Most age groups engage with casework within a few percentage points of the average, identifying no major barriers. Clients aged 75+ are however more likely to be logged as "unable to contact" (20% against average of 1%).

## Disability

Although small cohort of reach, people with disabilities are more likely to engage in advice and guidance (62% against average of 53%, and are slightly more likely than average to decline support at casework stage. Disabled clients tend to favour telephone advice and guidance as they may find this easier to access. They may also have adult safeguarding services involved for practical elements of support, so Black Country Women's Aid's (BCWA) role revolves primarily around advice and guidance.

#### Gender

Tier 1: advice and guidance stage

Female clients engage in line with the average. Male referrals are significantly more likely

to be ineligible for service at tier 1 (17% against average of 3%), this will usually be because they are known to BCWA as perpetrators. They are also slightly more likely to decline support at tier 1.

## Tier 2: Casework

Female clients engage with casework in line with the average, men are more likely to be unable to contact (9% against average of 1%).

## Sexual orientation

It is difficult to identify trends based on sexual orientation as number of clients identifying as gay, lesbian and bisexual are low; it appears that gay and lesbian clients engage at less than the average rate; we would in these cases offer signposting to the LGBT IDVA service operated by Birmingham LGBT as clients may prefer LGBT services. We have a high rate of "not specified" in this category, which may be due to incomplete agency referrals.

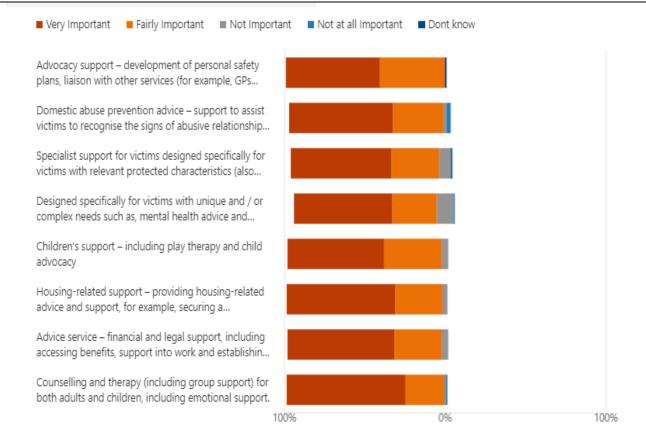
2. Review of the current service provided through Accord Housing Association

An in house review into the current DA accommodation provision demonstrated:

- The council currently funds a DA refuge in partnership with Accord Housing association. The refuge service provides a 24 bed refuge with 3 dispersed units in the community. Walsall refuge saw a total of 84 service users access the refuge in 2019/20 and 62 service users in 2020/21. One of the key reasons in the reduction is usage is attributed to Covid and service users not willing to utilise shared facilities
- In 2020/21 such over 39% of victims stated they were from an ethnic minority with Pakistani groups being the largest group. Feedback in 2019/20 from those who were ethnic minority and currently in the refuge suggested a large amount of stigma associated with accessing DA related accommodation and suggested dispersed accommodation within a community setting is preferred by service users.
- Service user feedback in 2019/20 also suggested concerns from service users stating large number of service users in a block setting can lead to housing management issues, issues for those leaving tenancies not suited to refuge accommodation and concerns form those with older male children. One area which service stated in particular was concerning was when the location of the accommodation was disclosed and the impact this had on their mental health and well-being.
- In 2019/20 an average of 8 children were present in Walsall's refuge provision a week aged between 0-14 years, this proved a challenge for staff providing support and ensuring the setting is safely managed. In response to this a shorter term MHCLG funded Children and Young Persons Worker who commenced work in May 2020 has provided up to 6 sessions daily for children and young people. Feedback from service users and staff suggested this was positive, however service users stated a need for a therapeutic style service was also needed as the impact of DA was not fully recognised and wanted their families to be better integrated within communities.
- In 2019/20 the council Contracted Accord HA to provide a domestic abuse emergency dispersed accommodation and support service, for up to 10 dispersed units. Feedback from service users suggested a general support for dispersed accommodation and people feeling they generally were happier with the option to remain in a property and receive support as required. The pilot

	concluded the majority of the		· · · · ·
• • Safe Acc	properties 6 months post pilot stated a potential need for a s with safety issues) but in the r their potential and receive sup advantage. The dispersed pilot achieved supported environment for do victimisation; increase levels of households to have their none helped individuals achieve an individuals access education a ln the 2019/20 financial year t and for the 14 month period in allocation allowed for 2 month March 2019) to be included as Of the 170 cases (which were risk, 33 (23%) were low risk a		the pilot (for those ives, realise was an safe and at re- o; enabled ure tenancy; helped unities. rervice users The Year 1 ruary and ry 2019. ere medium e who stated
	•	Walsall (61), 8 (9%) refuge custome	ers
• 27	7 units currently - Not Enough –	- 68 (74%) 17% stated just right	
<ul> <li>27</li> <li>Sa ac</li> </ul>	7 units currently - Not Enough – afe accommodation – very impo ccess to own bathroom and low		security,
<ul> <li>27</li> <li>Sa ac fro</li> </ul>	7 units currently - Not Enough – afe accommodation – very impo ccess to own bathroom and low om town centre location	- 68 (74%) 17% stated just right ortant to have outdoor space, safety	security, chen, away
<ul> <li>27</li> <li>Sa ac fro</li> <li>61</li> </ul>	7 units currently - Not Enough – afe accommodation – very impo ccess to own bathroom and low om town centre location 1% - dispersed fully meets need	- 68 (74%) 17% stated just right ortant to have outdoor space, safety est responses were for access to kit ds and 54% refuge fully meets the ne	security, chen, away eeds.
<ul> <li>27</li> <li>Sa ac fro</li> <li>61</li> </ul>	7 units currently - Not Enough – afe accommodation – very import ccess to own bathroom and low om town centre location 1% - dispersed fully meets need ly meets the need 2 - Mostly meets the need	- 68 (74%) 17% stated just right ortant to have outdoor space, safety est responses were for access to kit	security, chen, away eeds.
<ul> <li>27</li> <li>Sa ac frc</li> <li>61</li> <li>1 - Full</li> <li>Dont K</li> </ul>	7 units currently - Not Enough – afe accommodation – very impo- ccess to own bathroom and low om town centre location 1% - dispersed fully meets need ly meets the need 2 - Mostly meets the need (now	- 68 (74%) 17% stated just right ortant to have outdoor space, safety est responses were for access to kit ds and 54% refuge fully meets the ne	security, chen, away eeds.
<ul> <li>27</li> <li>Sa ac frc</li> <li>61</li> <li>1 - Full</li> <li>Dont K</li> <li>Refuge ac</li> </ul>	7 units currently - Not Enough – afe accommodation – very import ccess to own bathroom and low om town centre location 1% - dispersed fully meets need ly meets the need 2 - Mostly meets the need	- 68 (74%) 17% stated just right ortant to have outdoor space, safety est responses were for access to kit ds and 54% refuge fully meets the ne	security, chen, away eeds.
<ul> <li>27</li> <li>Sa ac frc</li> <li>61</li> <li>1 - Full</li> <li>Dont K</li> <li>Refuge ac accommon</li> <li>Specialist</li> </ul>	7 units currently - Not Enough – afe accommodation – very import ccess to own bathroom and low om town centre location 1% - dispersed fully meets need ly meets the need 2 - Mostly meets the need frow	- 68 (74%) 17% stated just right ortant to have outdoor space, safety est responses were for access to kit ds and 54% refuge fully meets the ne	security, chen, away eeds.
<ul> <li>27</li> <li>Sa ac fro</li> <li>61</li> <li>1 - Full</li> <li>Dont K</li> <li>Refuge ac accommon</li> <li>Specialist refuges for</li> <li>Dispersed</li> </ul>	7 units currently - Not Enough – afe accommodation – very impo- ccess to own bathroom and low om town centre location 1% - dispersed fully meets need ly meets the need 2 - Mostly meets the need (now ccommodation – a refuge offers secure odation and intensive support in a safe t safe accommodation– such as specialist	- 68 (74%) 17% stated just right ortant to have outdoor space, safety est responses were for access to kit ds and 54% refuge fully meets the ne	security, chen, away eeds.
<ul> <li>27</li> <li>Sa ac frc</li> <li>61</li> <li>1 - Full</li> <li>Dont K</li> <li>Refuge ac accommon</li> <li>Specialist refuges for</li> <li>Dispersed 'semi-ind</li> <li>Sanctuary</li> </ul>	7 units currently - Not Enough – afe accommodation – very impo- ccess to own bathroom and low om town centre location 1% - dispersed fully meets need ly meets the need 2 - Mostly meets the need (now ccommodation – a refuge offers secure odation and intensive support in a safe t safe accommodation– such as specialist or ethnic minority, LGBT, and disabled victi d accommodation - Safe, self-contained	- 68 (74%) 17% stated just right ortant to have outdoor space, safety est responses were for access to kit ds and 54% refuge fully meets the ne	security, chen, away eeds.
<ul> <li>27</li> <li>Sa ac frc</li> <li>61</li> <li>1 - Full</li> <li>Dont K</li> <li>Refuge ac accommod</li> <li>Specialist refuges for</li> <li>Dispersed 'semi-ind</li> <li>Sanctuary physical s</li> <li>Move-on</li> </ul>	7 units currently - Not Enough – afe accommodation – very import ccess to own bathroom and low om town centre location 1% - dispersed fully meets need ly meets the need • 2 - Mostly meets the need (now ccommodation – a refuge offers secure odation and intensive support in a safe t safe accommodation– such as specialist or ethnic minority, LGBT, and disabled victi d accommodation - Safe, self-contained dependent' accommodation in the community y Schemes – properties with enhanced	- 68 (74%) 17% stated just right ortant to have outdoor space, safety sest responses were for access to kit ds and 54% refuge fully meets the ne a 3 - Partially meets the need 4 - Does not mee	security, chen, away eeds.

	complex needs school road school DA victims close family	ance of groceries accommodation Victims postal adress town centre food and clothes mental health complex issues
		☆Pin to question Hide Details
hose of sup	II a mixed or hybrid model was seen as mo that required refuge and dispersed for thos port. Iverall, what do you think is the best type of acco	e who required a different type and le
Mo	re Details 🔞 Insights	
		Latest Responses
	92	"Refuge"
	Responses SAFE AND SE	CURE ACCOMODATION ALSO SAFE INSIDE SURRO "MIXED OPTIONS"
		estion
14	respondents (15%) answered accommodation for this que	
14	respondents (15%) answered accommodation for this que stage accommodation safe accommodation support type accommo refuge accommodation bathroom own kitchen	accommodation must be able ion Dispersed accommodation dation Safe
14	stage accommodation safe accommodation support type accommo refuge accommodation bathroom own kitchen	accommodation must be able ion Dispersed accommodation dation safe secure refuges
14	stage accommodation safe accommodation support type accommo refuge accommodation bathroom own kitchen	accommodation must be able ion Dispersed accommodation dation safe secure refuges normal accommodation



2021 Survey respondents stated:

- Flexible help which comes to you when you need support (27)
- An office in the community that people can visit, when needed (26)
- Male victims support is missing along with Childrens support
- What's missing overall Perpetrator support
- The Support element needs to: Flexible and personalised
- Majority were from Ws1/Ws2, 16-34 made up just under half, 57 females and 33 males, 31 stated disability, 59% from a non-white British group

Focus Group Feedback showed:

- A need for both refuge and dispersed
- A need for a good security system for refuge
- · Self-contained kitchens and bathrooms in refuge
- A place for those who need respite from children
- A place for therapeutic services such as a lounge area
- A secure outdoor place in refuge
- A need to understand not everyone in a refuge will use communal facilities
- Work better with neighbouring local authorities
- Support needs to consider perpetrators
- All support factors important and a need for a specialist hub
- Complex needs to be considered
- Keep people in Walsall where possible

Easy Read Survey Feedback

- Consider disabled access (as a whole system approach)
- Wheelchair users need to be considered in properties
- Those with learning disabilities that need more specialist help

Victims Voices – December 2021

	<ul> <li>"Perhaps more disperse units which would cater for larger families and the children would not have to encounter disruption to their routine"</li> <li>"Everything was over the phone which helped just in case someone saw me and followed where I was going. If there was a cross over between two authorities to make smoother transition for victims of domestic abuse"</li> <li>"The communication was good particular with the housing IDVA and black country women's aid and I was informed of any outcomes at all stages"</li> <li>"Leaflets, that tell people where to get help. They need to be in public places, I was living with husband and family, so could only seek help outside. Leaflets in hospitals and supermarkets but in other languages too, so that everyone can access them".</li> </ul>					
7	How may the proposal affect The effect may be positive, n			5		
	and if action is needed. Characteristic	Affect	Reason	Action needed Yes / No		
	Age	positive	New service delivery model recognises children and victims in their own right and is seeking to provide effective support for children and young people. The safe accommodation element will ensure those with older male children are able to access accommodation also.	No		
	Disability	Positive	Services targeted at those who require reasonable adjustments can be better provided through a model and one which is able to tailor targeted support. In the first half of 2020, 1 person with a disability accessed the refuge. There would be	No		

			adequate provision should	
			there be further referrals. Safe accommodation fit for the customer would mean that the customer may be able to either stay in that property and not have to move again or have a unit suited to their needs.	
Gender	reassignment	Neutral	No referrals to date, however a suitable safe offer (subject to further consultation) may make the customer more comfortable in reporting DA and coming forward for help, knowing that they will have suitable accommodation.	No
Marriage	and civil partnership	Neutral	No information specific data is available and so the impact is not currently known – The cohort of people from previous years have not generally been in a marriage or civil partnership and tend to be single or a lone parent household. Where service users have been married, this issue normally will only be an issue if the service user wants to divorce (this is likely after permanent housing is secured)	Unknown
Pregnand	cy and maternity	Positive	No information specific data is available and so the impact is not currently known. Where a service user	Unknown

		is pregnant	
		consideration is given to the household.	
		A safe accommodation	
		option could provide	
		more settled	
		accommodation with	
		the right support for the customer ready for	
		when baby is born.	
Race	positive	The model is	No
		aligning	
		support to the localities to	
		align support	
		closer to	
		communities	
		ensuring we	
		can deliver better	
		outcomes.	
Religion or belief	Positive	No information specific	Unknown
		data is available and	
		so the impact is not	
		currently known	
Sex	Positive	Women are more likely	No
		to experience homelessness than	
		men. The refuge	
		service is for women	
		so all customers	
		accessing the refuge will be female. An	
		alternative safe	
		accommodation	
		option would mean	
		that male victims could	
		also be accommodated if	
		required who may not	
		be suited to traditional	
		settings.	
Sexual orientation	neutral	No information specific	Unknown
		data is available and	
		so the impact is not currently known.	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

		(give detail) er information			
8	Does effect The sa	your proposal link with o on particular equality gr afe accommodation deliver	oups? If yes, give y and support servio	e <b>details.</b> ces will provide an oppo	2
9	Abuse Which	oratively for council service Strategy.		· ·	
	B	service is procured <ul> <li>Further consultation</li> </ul>	t with communities' d as part of commur on with groups, third s improvement and t hanced	resources will be key on nication and implementa I sector and customers the pathways to service	ation plan. in 2022/23 will
	C	Continue despite possible a			
	D	Stop and rethink your propo	osal.		

Action and monitoring plan						
Action Date	Action	Responsibili ty	Outcome Date	Outcome		
01/04/22	Monitor all characteristics where possible of those DV victims who access service to help to inform the development of future services.	MHJ/Childrens	Qtrly	Measure which clients are on project and referrals Measure outcomes have been achieved		
	Conduct customer feedback/service	MHJ	Annually	Look at service improvement through service user led forums.		

30/07/21	improvement Conduct further consultation on Safe accommodatio	Post cabinet approval	Completed
	n options		

Update to EqIA	
Date	Detail
11/06/2021 04/01/2022	Review EQIA as part of contract delivery Review of EQIA incorporating updated consultation data
July 2022	Review in response to implementation of IDVA and Safe Accommodation

## Contact us

Community, Equality and Cohesion Resources and Transformation

Telephone 01922 655797 Textphone 01922 654000 Email <u>equality@walsall.gov.uk</u> Inside Walsall: <u>http://int.walsall.gov.uk/Service\_information/Equality\_and\_diversity</u>