Agenda Item No. 10

Audit Committee – 13 March 2012

Grant Thornton: External Audit Plan 2011/12

Summary of report

This report presents Grant Thornton's Audit Plan for the financial year 2011/12. It summarises the work that the external auditors will carry out in auditing and giving an opinion on the council's financial statements for 2011/12 and providing a conclusion on our arrangements for achieving value for money. The actual audit of the accounts will be undertaken in 2012/13, following the closure of the accounts which must be undertaken by 30 June.

Audit Committee are requested to formally consider the attached document.

Recommendations

Audit Committee are requested to formally consider and receive the Audit Plan 2011/12.

V Buele J

Vicky Buckley, Head of Finance

28 February 2012

Governance

Grant Thornton are the council's independent external auditors, appointed by the Audit Commission. Outcomes from their work will assist the council in maintaining strong governance arrangements.

Resource and legal considerations

There are no direct implications arising from this report.

Performance management and risk management issues

There are no direct implications arising from this report.

Equality implications

There are no direct implications arising from this report.

Consultation

The report is prepared in consultation with various managers and the Chief Finance Officer.

Background papers

Various report and working papers, statutory and other guidance.

Author: Vicky Buckley – Head of Finance, 🖀 01922 652470,

⊠ <u>buckelyv@walsall.gov.uk</u>



Walsall Metropolitan Borough Council Audit Plan 2011/12

March 2012



An overview of your 2011/12 Audit Plan

This is our audit plan for the financial year 2011/12 for Walsall Metropolitan Borough Council (the Council). It documents the work that we will carry out in discharging our responsibilities to give an opinion on the Council's financial statements and a conclusion on the Council's arrangements for achieving Value for Money (VfM).

	_	
We set an indicative fee in March 2011. In setting this fee, we assumed that the general level of risk in relation to the audit would not be significantly different from that identified for 2010/11. Following the completion of the 2010/11 audit we have updated our accounts audit risk assessment for 2011/12.		See Accounts audit, p.2
The new approach to local Value for Money audit work was introduced by the Audit Commission in 2010/11. In 2011/12 we will continue to give our value for money conclusion based on two reporting criteria specified by the Audit Commission.		See Value for money audit, p.7
As in previous years, we will use specialists from across Grant Thornton to support our work and ensure that you are getting the required levels of expertise from us.		See Engagement team, p.9
We have used the published 2011/12 Audit Commission scale of fee for the Council as our proposed fee. The planned fee remains as set out in our Indicative Fee letter (issued in March 2011).		See Audit fee, p.11
You will receive a number of reports and plans from us throughout the year which will provide you with the detailed conclusions of our work culminating in our Annual Audit Letter .		See Outputs and Timeline, p.12 and 13
We have considered our independence and objectivity in respect of the audit and do not believe there are any matters which should be brought to your attention. We comply with the Audit Commission's requirements for independence and objectivity.		See Appendix A

© 2012 Grant Thornton UK LLP. All rights reserved. 1

Accounts audit - introduction

Introduction

This section of the plan sets out the work we propose to undertake in relation to the audit of the Council's 2011/12 accounts. The plan is based on our risk-based approach to audit planning and uses our assessment of the potential business and audit risks that need to be addressed by our audit and the controls the Council has in place to mitigate these risks.

The Council's responsibilities

The Council's accounts are an essential means by which it accounts for the stewardship of resources and its financial performance in the use of those resources. It is the responsibility of the Council to:

- ensure the regularity of transactions by putting in place systems of internal control to ensure that financial transactions are in accordance with the appropriate authority
- maintain proper accounting records
- prepare accounts, which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Council and its expenditure and income in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Our responsibilities

We are required to audit the financial statements and to give an opinion as to:

- whether they give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Council and its expenditure and income for the period in question;
- whether they have been prepared properly in accordance with relevant legislation, applicable accounting standards and other reporting requirements; and
- whether the Annual Governance Statement has been presented in accordance with relevant requirements and to report if it does not meet these requirements, or if the statement is misleading or inconsistent with our knowledge.



Accounts audit - risk assessment

Accounting risks and planned audit response

Table 1 below summarises the results of our initial risk assessment of significant financial risks facing the Council and our planned response.

Key audit risk	Audit areas affected	Audit approach
Accounting for schools	Property, plant and equipment	• Following consultation with auditors and councils, CIPFA will issue guidance on accounting for schools in 2011/12 Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting (the Code). We will discuss the finalised approach with officers at the earliest opportunity and review the Council's current accounting treatment, to determine whether it is compliant with the Code.
Accounting for heritage assets	Property, plant and equipment	• The Council will be required to disclose heritage assets as a separate category of assets for the first time in its 2011/12 financial statements. We will discuss the proposed accounting policy and required accounting treatments with officers. We will review the Council's working papers to gain assurance that heritage assets have been identified and treated correctly in the financial statements.
Backpay arising from unequal pay claims	Provision and reserves	 We will update our review of the Council's assessment of any provision to be recorded in the 2011/12 financial statements. We will review any related disclosures to ensure that these are sufficient to meet accounting standards' requirements.

Table 1: Accounting risks and planned audit response

Accounts audit - risk assessment

Table 1: Accounting risks and planned audit response (cont.)

Key audit risk	Audit areas affected	Audit approach
Financial performance pressures	All areas of the financial statements	 The Council faces significant financial challenges in 2011/12 and beyond, as it balances serving the needs of the local population against reduced funding from central government. We will review the Council's financial performance for the year against its agreed budget and monitor performance through discussions with officers and review of minutes. We will consider the Council's use of reserves in the year.
Shareholding in Birmingham airport	Investments	 We will work with the Council to ensure that the shareholding in the airport is accounted for appropriately at fair value. We will liaise with the auditors of the shareholding consortia to ensure that the Council's approach complies with IFRS accounting standards and is consistent with the other member authorities.
Follow up of 2010/11 findings	All areas of the financial statements	• We will follow up the Council's progress in implementing our agreed findings from last year's audit and will report progress to the Audit Committee.

Our Approach

We will utilise Voyager, our audit software package, to document, evaluate and test, where appropriate, internal controls over the financial reporting process, to optimise our audit approach. Voyager also helps us to comment constructively on your system of internal controls.

Our approach will be to report all findings to officers so that the Council can secure improvements, where necessary. We report only those findings that represent a control weakness to the Audit Committee and make formal recommendations accordingly.

In all cases, we invest time with officers in understanding the basis of the weakness identified and what the options are, for example mitigating controls and system modifications, for improving the system.

Planning

•Updating our understanding of the Council through discussions with management and a review of the monthly finance reports

Controls evaluation

- •Reviewing the design and implementation of internal financial controls including IT, where they impact the financial statements
- •Assessing audit risk and developing and implementing an appropriate audit strategy
- •Assessing the Council's arrangements for complying with tax legislation and Bribery Act requirements
- •Testing the operating effectiveness of selected controls
- •Assessing internal audit against the CIPFA Code of Practice and reviewing reports issued in the year

Substantive procedures

- •Reviewing material disclosure issues in the financial statements
- •Performing analytical review
- •Verifying all material income and expenditure and balance sheet accounts, taking into consideration whether audit evidence is sufficient and appropriate

Completion

- •Performing an overall evaluation of our work on the financial statements, to determine whether they give a true and fair view
- •Determining an audit opinion
- •Reporting to the Audit Committee through our ISA 260 report

Accounts audit - other issues

Whole of Government Accounts

We will also review the Whole of Government Accounts (WGA) consolidation pack prepared by the Council for consistency with the Council's accounts.

Certification of Grants and Returns

In addition to our audit of the Council's financial statements and the Value for Money audit, we are required to certify grant claims and returns above predetermined thresholds.

In carrying out work in relation to grant claims and returns, Grant Thornton acts as an agent of the Audit Commission, on behalf of the grant paying bodies. The work that the auditor is required to undertake is specified in a certification instruction, issued by the Audit Commission for each scheme, following discussion with the grant paying body. As agents of the Audit Commission we are required to recover, in respect of each grant claim and return, a fee that covers the full cost of the relevant work undertaken. These rates are based on the hourly rates for certifying claims and returns set out in the Audit Commission's 'Work programme and scales of fees 2011/12.'

We will report in full to the Council upon conclusion of our certification work.

National Fraud Initiative (NFI)

The Council participates in the National Fraud Initiative, the Audit Commission's data-matching exercise designed to prevent and detect fraud in public bodies. We will review the Council's progress and actions in following up the matches identified.

Annual Governance Statement and External Reporting

As part of our work on the accounts audit, we will review the Annual Governance Statement to determine if it is consistent with our knowledge of the Council.

We will assess the Council's external reporting, through the 2011/12 Annual Governance Statement and explanatory foreword to the accounts, against best practice and will use our benchmarking tool, containing data from over 200 UK local authorities, to measure the Council against existing sector practice. This will enable us to identify areas where the Council is performing well and those areas where there is scope to improve reporting, to support the Council's continual improvement in governance reporting.

Elector challenge

The Audit Commission Act 1998 gives electors certain rights:

- the right to inspect the accounts;
- the right to ask the auditor questions about the accounts; and
- the right to object to the accounts.

As a result of these rights, in particular the right to object to the accounts, we may need to undertake additional work to form a decision on the elector's objection. The additional work may be significant and could result in the requirement to seek legal representations on the issues raised. The costs incurred in responding to any questions or objections raised by electors are not part of the audit fee. In the event of costs being incurred as a result of elector's objectors we will discuss these with the Council and, where appropriate, charge for this work in accordance with the Audit Commission's fee scales.

Value for money audit

Introduction

The Code requires us to issue a conclusion on whether the Council has put in place proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. This is known as the Value for Money (VfM) conclusion.

2011/12 VfM conclusion

The VfM approach for 2011/12 remains the same as the prior year. Our VfM conclusion will be based on two reporting criteria specified by the Audit Commission:

- the Council has proper arrangements in place for securing financial resilience
- the Council has proper arrangements for challenging how it secures economy, efficiency and effectiveness.

The work we will do to conclude on these criteria is summarised in the following charts:

Code criteria

Work to be undertaken

The Council has proper arrangements in place for securing financial resilience



We will consider whether the Council has robust financial systems and processes to manage effectively financial risks and opportunities and to secure a stable financial position that enables it to continue to operate for the foreseeable future Risk based work focussing on arrangements relating to financial governance, strategic financial planning financial control. Specifically we will:

- Undertake a follow up against the recommendations made from our 2010/11 report
- Perform a risk assessment of the Council's arrangements and update our understanding of the arrangements in place
- Use benchmarking tools to provide feedback and context on the Council's performance compared to other council's.

On completion of the initial risk assessment, we will agree with the Council specific pieces of work required to address any high risk areas identified.

Value for money audit (cont.)

Code criteria

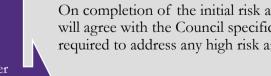
The Council has proper for challenging how it secures economy, efficiency and effectiveness

Risk-based work focusing on arrangements for prioritising resources and improving productivity and efficiency.

Specifically we will:

Work to be undertaken

- Undertake a follow up of recommendations made in the 2010/11 report
- Undertake a risk assessment of the Council's arrangements to update our understanding.



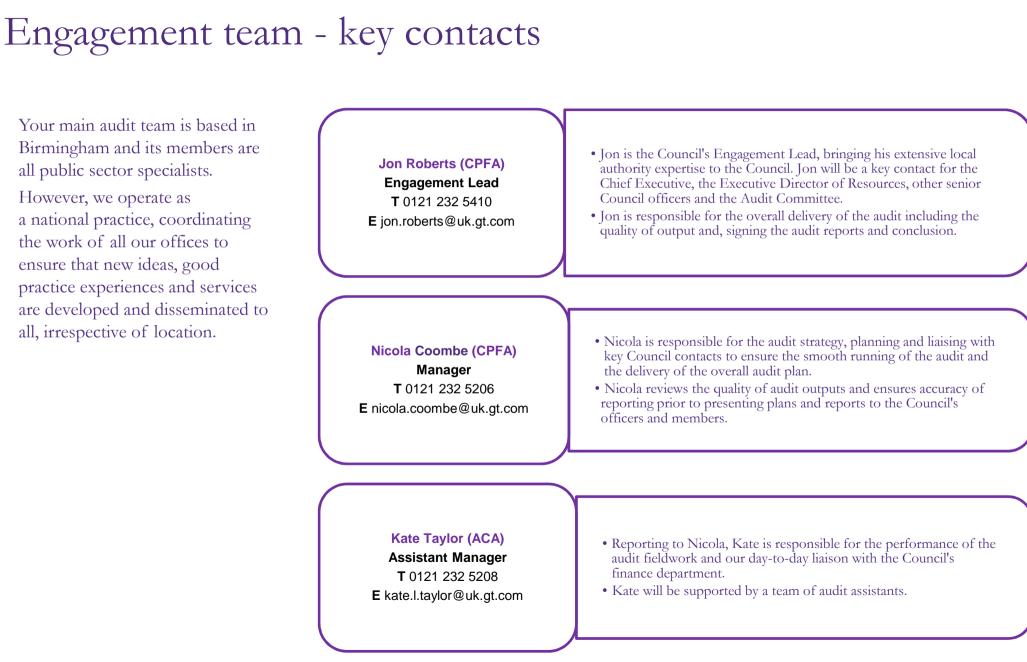
We will consider whether the Council is prioritising its resources within tighter budgets

On completion of the initial risk assessment, we will agree with the Council specific pieces of work required to address any high risk areas identified.

We will tailor our VfM work to ensure that as well as addressing our high risk areas, it is, wherever possible, focused on the Council's priority areas and can be used as a source of assurance for officers and members. Where we plan to undertake specific reviews to support our VfM conclusion, we will issue a brief specification for each review outlining the scope, methodology and timing. These will be agreed with officers and presented to the Audit Committee.

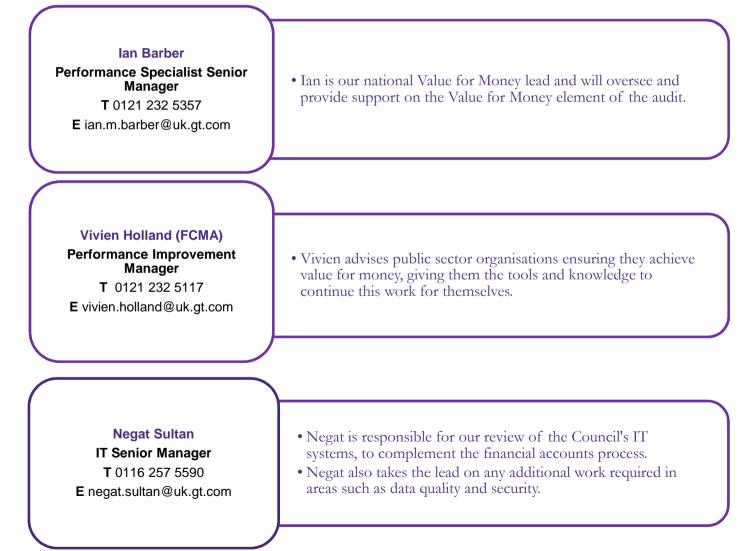
The results of all our local VfM audit work and key messages will be reported in our Report to Those Charged with Governance (ISA 260 report) and in the Annual Audit Letter. We will agree any additional reporting to the Council on a review-by-review basis.





Engagement team - key contacts (cont.)

A key objective of our high-quality audit and assurance service is to identify where improvements can be made to governance processes, its assurance framework and performance management arrangements, to help deliver value for money and best practice.



Audit fee

What is the scale audit fee?

This is defined as the fee required by auditors to meet statutory responsibilities under the Audit Commission Act, in accordance with the Code of Audit Practice 2010.

It represents the Commission's best estimate of the fee required to complete an audit where the audited body has no significant audit risks and has in place a sound control environment.

How your scale audit fee is calculated

The Audit Commission has published a scale fee for all authorities. This scale fee is based on the 2010/11 fee, which reflected our assessment of risk and complexity, reduced by 8%, to reflect the work programme for 2011/12 as mandated by the Audit Commission.

Variations to the scale audit fee

Based on a thorough review by the audit team which includes discussions with Council officers and members, we tailor our work to reflect local circumstances. This may result in a variation upwards or downwards on the scale audit fee. Any variation to the scale fee must be approved by the Audit Commission, following agreement of the proposed fee with the Council.

2011-12 audit fee

Your external audit fee for 2011/12 is £315,000 (£342,000 in 2010/11). This is the same as the indicative fee communicated to you in March 2011, and represents an 8% reduction on last year.

The fee will be subject to continuous review and may be revised if significant new audit risks are identified during the audit, or if we are unable to progress as planned due to the timing or quality of information provided by the Council. In the event that we consider it necessary to revise the Council's audit fee upwards, we will discuss this with the Chief Finance Officer.

A summary of the audit fee is shown in the table below:

Table 2: 2011/12 audit fee

Audit area	Planned fee 2011/12	Actual fee 2010/11
Accounts, including WGA	£ 220,000	£ 242,000
VfM conclusion	£ 95,000	£ 100,000
Total audit fee	£ 315,000	£ 342,000
Certification of claims and returns*	£ 55,000*	£ 63,161

* the quoted fee for grant certification work is an estimate only and will be charged at published hourly rates

Outputs

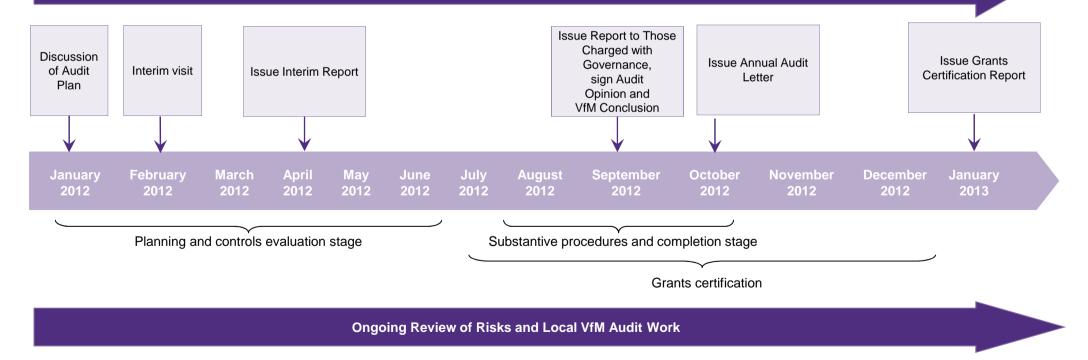
Reports will be discussed and agreed with the appropriate officers before being issued to the Audit Committee.

Reports are addressed to the Audit Committee and officers and are prepared for the sole use of the Council. No responsibility is taken by the auditors to any member or officer in their individual capacity, or to any third party.

Output	Purpose	Issue date
Audit Plan	Outline audit approach for the accounts and VfM auditsIdentify initial high risk areas and our planned responseConfirm Audit Plan with Audit Committee	January-March 2012
Interim Report	 Report the results of the control evaluation of our audit and its impact on our planned audit approach Confirm focus areas for the audit of the accounts based on our updated risk assessment Provide certain disclosures to those charged with governance under auditing standards 	April 2012
Report to those charged with Governance (ISA 260)	Highlight key issues arising from the audit and the resolution of theseCommunicate adjusted and unadjusted audit differencesMake recommendations for improvement	September 2012
Auditor's Reports	 Report on Walsall Metropolitan Borough Council's financial statements Report on Walsall Metropolitan Borough Council's VfM conclusion 	September 2012
Annual Audit Letter	• Short summary of the key issues arising from our 2011/12 audit	October 2012
Grants Claim Certification	Highlight key issues arising from our grants certification workMake recommendations for improvement	January 2013







Appendices

Appendix A Independence and objectivity

We are not aware of any relationships that may affect the independence and objectivity of the audit team, which we are required by auditing and ethical standards to communicate to you.

We comply with the ethical standards issued by the APB and with the Commission's requirements in respect of independence and objectivity as summarised below.

Auditors appointed by the Audit Commission are required to comply with the Commission's Code of Audit Practice and Standing Guidance for Auditors, which defines the terms of my appointment. When auditing the financial statements auditors are also required to comply with auditing standards and ethical standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board (APB).

The main requirements of the Code of Audit Practice, Standing Guidance for Auditors and the standards are summarised below.

International Standard on Auditing (UK and Ireland) 260 (Communication of audit matters with those charged with governance) requires that the appointed auditor:

- discloses in writing all relationships that may bear on the auditor's objectivity and independence, the related safeguards put in place to protect against these threats and the total amount of fee that the auditor has charged the client
- confirms in writing that the APB's ethical standards are complied with and that, in the auditor's professional judgement, they are independent and their objectivity is not compromised.

The standard defines 'those charged with governance' as 'those persons entrusted with the supervision, control and direction of an entity'. In your case, the appropriate addressee of communications from the auditor to those charged with governance is the Audit Committee. The auditor reserves the right, however, to communicate directly with the Council on matters which are considered to be of sufficient importance. The Commission's Code of Audit Practice has an overriding general requirement that appointed auditors carry out their work independently and objectively, and ensure that they do not act in any way that might give rise to, or could reasonably be perceived to give rise to, a conflict of interest. In particular, appointed auditors and their staff should avoid entering into any official, professional or personal relationships which may, or could reasonably be perceived to, cause them inappropriately or unjustifiably to limit the scope, extent or rigour of their work or impair the objectivity of their judgement.

The Standing Guidance for Auditors includes a number of specific rules. The key rules relevant to this audit appointment are as follows:

- Appointed auditors should not perform additional work for an audited body (i.e. work over and above the minimum required to meet their statutory responsibilities) if it would compromise their independence or might give rise to a reasonable perception that their independence could be compromised. Where the audited body invites the auditor to carry out risk-based work in a particular area that cannot otherwise be justified as necessary to support the auditor's opinion and conclusions, it should be clearly differentiated within the audit plan as being 'additional work' and charged for separately from the normal audit fee.
- Auditors should not accept engagements that involve commenting on the performance of other auditors appointed by the Commission on Commission work without first consulting the Commission.
- The Engagement Lead responsible for the audit should, in all but the most exceptional circumstances, be changed at least once every five years.
- The Engagement Lead and senior members of the audit team are prevented from taking part in political activity on behalf of a political party, or special interest group, whose activities relate directly to the functions of local government or NHS bodies in general, or to a particular local government or NHS body.
- The Engagement Lead and members of the audit team must abide by the Commission's policy on gifts, hospitality and entertainment.



www.grant-thornton.co.uk © 2012 Grant Thornton UK LLP. All rights reserved.

"Grant Thornton" means Grant Thornton UK LLP, a limited liability partnership.

Grant Thornton UK LLP is a member firm within Grant Thornton International Ltd ('Grant Thornton International'). Grant Thornton International and the member firms are not a worldwide partnership. Services are delivered by the member firms independently.

This publication has been prepared only as a guide. No responsibility can be accepted by us for loss occasioned to any person acting or refraining from acting as a result of any material in this publication.